TANTALUS SCHOOL

Emergency Plan 2018-19

EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Tantalus School Emergency Plan

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Introduction

This purpose of this document is to record the Emergency Response Plan for (enter name of school here) School. This document is part of the School Plan and is updated annually.

The emergency planning for Yukon schools is based on the following principles:

- Student and staff safety is the first priority; any intervention to prevent damage to buildings will only be undertaken if staff are not in danger and all students are appropriately supervised
- Students will be supervised at the school or alternate site(s) until the end of the school day, unless otherwise directed
- Communication with parents, the Department and emergency service agencies is critical, to optimize the safety of all students
- Preparedness for medical incidents be based on minimal level of care, given close proximity to emergency services personnel in each community
- Site decision-making, within the context of the emergency response plan, will be the responsibility of the School Principal

This document describes how the school will respond to physical emergencies affecting the school community. Protocols are established for two scenarios: (1) evacuation of the school and (2) remaining in the school in a "lock down" situation where there is a physical danger either in the school or on school property.

As clear and timely communication is the key to a successful response, notifying school staff of actions required will be done with simple, established instructions which will result in standard responses.

Crises affecting the emotional health of the school community may also occur. A crisis of this type may be caused by a physical emergency such as a fire or another factor such as the death of a teacher. For additional information about crises of this kind see the "Crisis Team" section under "Reporting".

This template will be reviewed annually with the RCMP and updated to ensure protocols reflect best practices.

The decision to activate the school emergency plan is made by the principal or designate when:

- The safety of students and staff is at risk
- Directed by the Superintendent of Schools (or designate)
- Directed by a law enforcement office
- Recommended by the territorial Emergency Measures Organization

Introduction I - 1

Assessment and Preparation

Preparations at the Beginning of each school year

Equipment/Facility Checks:

All items on this checklist should be completed before students arrive for the school year:

- □ Evaluate all rooms for hazards which could lead to injury in earthquake; if necessary, request, by work order, PMA to attach filing cabinets and bookcases (as examples) to walls
- □ Replace batteries in megaphone, radio, and walkie-talkies
- □ Check supplies in first aid kits and replace as necessary
- □ Copy Bomb Threat Form and distribute to main incoming phones at your site; ensure clearly labelled
- □ Copy Field Trip Sign-out Form and re-stock the clipboard at your site
- □ Complete hazardous materials listings for labs, workshops and janitorial service areas
- □ Ensure alternate site has copy of Emergency Plan once updated
- □ Ensure all exits are clear of stored materials and obstacles
- □ Ensure nothing is hung from sprinkler pipes or placed over heating vents
- □ Ensure every classroom has a clearly marked storage space near the door for the classroom attendance folder (and nametags for elementary grades)
- □ Ensure "How to Use" instructions are posted by each fire extinguisher
- □ Evaluate physical site and make modifications to site drawings and evacuation plans to deal with new construction or facility changes
- □ Ensure every room has posted near the door a building plan with primary and alternate exit routes from that room; it should clearly indicate the collection point on the school property; it should clearly indicate the nearest fire pull and extinguisher
- □ Locate all school cell phones and ensure each is charged
- □ Update locations and procedures for fuel, power and water shut off
- □ Update locations and procedures for fire alarm and furnace reset
- □ Check inventory of "Visitors" badges and replenish if necessary. Ensure storage area in general office area is clearly marked
- □ Ensure the Command Centre (Principal's station) equipment bag for evacuations has the following items:

Megaphone	Principal's cell phone
Walkie-talkie	AM/FM radio & adapter
Duty Sash	Keys to alternate site(s)
Keys to fire gates	Copy of Emergency Plan
First Aid Kit	Student Emergency Contact List

Update the Plan - due date September 30th each year:

- □ Identify staff with current first aid certification; determine if additional training is required and make requests to Department/YTA for sponsorship
- □ Confirm use of alternate site; if third party facility (government and non-government), obtain written confirmation and necessary keys for daytime access
- □ Review requirements of Special Needs students, develop evacuation and care plan for each student and discuss with parents including sign-off
- □ Review Roles and Responsibilities and reassign as necessary (e.g. staff changes)
- □ Prepare master list of teachers' emergency situation buddies
- □ Update site plans and exit route drawings
- □ Identify personnel for role of traffic control if students must be moved to alternate site along a public traffic route
- □ Establish schedule for evacuation and earthquake practices throughout the year
- □ Update records for all students and staff: Name, address, phone numbers, parent/guardian, medical information (pre-existing illnesses, allergies, etc.), alternate safe home for students travelling by bus
- □ Confirm membership of School Safety Committee

Prepare Your Staff to Respond:

- Distribute portable site first aid kits to designated first aid staff
- Review specific roles and responsibilities for individual staff members and alternates
- □ Distribute traffic control vests to designated personnel
- □ Distribute duty sashes to all classroom teachers
- □ Ensure all staff are aware of the need to provide "Visitor" badges to all authorized non-school personnel

Communicate the Updated Plan:

to Staff

□ Provide copy of updated plan to each staff person; provide orientation at staff meeting to changes included in new plan

to Parents

- □ Post exterior sign on front door of school regarding alternate site location(s) and emergency communications phone number at Department
- □ List alternate evacuation sites in the first newsletter of the year
- □ Prepare short script for voice mail / answering machine
- □ Provide a copy of the updated plan to the Chair of the School Council/Board

• to Department

□ Provide copy of updated pages per Checklist form (F-1) to Superintendent of Schools, Department of Education by October 15th each year

Department will consolidate the updates for all schools and submit to the RCMP.

Staff with First Aid Certification:

Staff with First Aid may be required to provide emergency care to students or staff, while waiting for emergency medical services (EMS) personnel to arrive. First Aid kits are provided to designated site first aiders and should be taken with the first aider for all emergency evacuations.

Name	Туре	Expiry Date
Patricia Cashin	Standard, lev C with CPR	2019
Alysha Coates	Standard, lev C with CPR	2021
Carla Gage	Basic St. John Ambulance	2019
Dan Saunders	Standard	2021
Ruth Buyck	Standard	2021
Martina Jonathan	Standard	2021
Joleen Roberts	Standard	2019
Heather Bellmore	Standard	2021
Ofelia Bulatao	Standard	2021
Candace Billy	Standard	2021
Earleen Fields	Standard	2021
Gisela Larkin	Standard	2019
Nicholle Ingalls	Standard	2021

School Safety Committee

Chair	Mitch Bruce
Member	Alysha Coates
Member	
Member	
Member	Donna Mortimer
School Council member	To be determined at November 2018 mtg
Principal and/or Vice-Principal	Morgan Douglas-Alexander

The School Safety Committee meets

	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
∐ "ล	minimum of 2 times per year and as required"
u	minimum of 2 times per year and as required

Additional Resources that may assist in an Emergency:

The following staff persons who may be available to assist depending on the day and/or time of day of the incident, should report to the Principal for direction:

Name	When Available	Role at School
Melanie Tourangeau	Daytime	LA teacher
Candace Billy	Daytime	EA
Martina Jonathan	Daytime	EA
Aine Larkin	Daytime	Gr 1-2 teacher

Parent/Community Volunteers who will help at the school should a major incident occur:

Name	Phone Number	Alternate Phone Number
George Kontogonis	863-6271	
Kelly Gage	863-5576	
Tara Wheeler	863-5576	

Chain of Command:

In Charge: Principal – Mrs. Morgan Douglas-Alexaner
Search for Missing or Injured: (enter name and role at school for each person
Alysha Coates
Mitch Bruce; Dawn Baker; Dan Saunders
Assist the Injured: (enter name – identify a subset of qualified first aiders)
Patricia Cashin Candace Billy
Ruth Buyck Ofelia Bulatao
Carla Gage Nicholle Ingalls
Traffic Control: (identify 2 staff persons – one for each traffic direction at the crossing point)
Roberta Berry RCMP
John Laughlin Gisela Larkin
Communications: (designate 1-2 persons to assist the Principal and/or Vice-Principal with communications as required)

Carla Gage, Shannon Lachance

Morgan Douglas-Alexander, Ragene Blackjack,

Roles and Responsibilities:

Who	Role	From Where (location)
Principal	 monitors all aspects of the emergency procedure in charge - sets tone and direction contacts emergency agencies as required contacts Superintendent of Schools school-level spokesperson, if required documents events & actions taken 	Main Location: Main Office OR Exterior Command Centre OR Central location at alternate site
Vice-Principal	 works in liaison with the Principal to assist where needed assists with phones to receive and relays messages to the Principal and staff dispatches assistance where needed, e.g. First Aid personnel 	Main Location: Main Office OR Exterior Command Centre OR Central location at alternate site
Administrative Staff/School Secretary • removes assigned records to safety including student emergency contact information and Field Trip Sign-out sheet • answers/directs phone calls • assists where needed • removes student medication if in storage in the office		Main Location: Main Office OR Exterior Command Centre OR Central location at alternate site
Homeroom Teacher • ensures safety and welfare of pupils • responsible for a select group of students • joins the class immediately, if not teaching the class when the emergency occurs • removes assigned records to safety • records status of class and reports to Principal • announces events to students • has firm control and gives clear directions to students • reassures students • strives to keep situation calm and under control • maintains professionalism		
Specialist Teacher	 carries out homeroom teacher's responsibilities until teacher arrives assists where needed 	
Custodial Staff	 reports to Principal ensures utilities are shut off if a problem exists assists where needed 	

Potential Hazards at the School

Be aware of hazards in the school, especially in case of earthquake. As much as possible, secure these structures so that obstruction of exit paths or movement which could cause damage is avoided. Design exit and alternate routes as much as possible to avoid areas where these hazards may affect a safe departure.

Possible hazards include:

windows	skylights	propane tanks
appliances	science lab chemicals	bookshelves and cupboards
hanging plants	coffee makers	boxes, etc. on top of bookshelves
filing cabinets	chart stands	light fixtures and fluorescent bulbs
rolling paper stand	computers	TV's
mobiles	aquaria	Janitor room cleaning supplies

In a Fire Drill:

- -lights turned out in all classrooms
- -check bathrooms to make sure all students are out
- -teachers take attendance records stay with students count heads at meeting place
- -make sure all doors are locked
- make sure the fire doors in the hallways are closed

In a lockdown

- -students and teachers go to their hiding places
- -students and teachers remain there until the "all clear" is given

Emergency Supplies Locations and Assignments

List the inventory and locations for First Aid supplies, Cell Phones and other emergency supplies and indicate which staff members are responsible for removing them in the event of an evacuation.

What	Where	Who's Responsible
Principal's Cell Phone	Principal's office	Principal
Command Centre First Aid Kit	"	Staff member or Principal
Command Centre Megaphone	"	"
Command Centre Walkie Talkie	"	٠٠
Command Centre AM/FM radio	"	٠.
First Aider First Aid Kit	"	٠.
First Aider First Aid Kit		

Emergency Planning for Students/Staff with Special Needs

School administrators are responsible for ensuring that an evacuation plan is prepared for each student and staff member who will need assistance to evacuate the building in case of an emergency. Each plan should be developed in accordance with the principles of evacuation described below, in conjunction with input from relevant staff.

Procedures for developing an Evacuation Plan

Determine which students/staff need special assistance to leave the building in case of emergency. This may include students/staff temporarily disabled or who need very specific instructions provided by a "buddy".

Develop evacuation plan for each student/staff with the assistance of appropriate Special Programs Consultant(s). Use the **Emergency Evacuation Procedures for Students/Staff with Special Needs form** found in the back of this manual. Ensure that primary and secondary exit routes are established for each of the learning spaces where the student/staff would normally be working.

Share this plan with: assigned staff members, classroom teacher and parents.

Include a copy of each Emergency Evacuation Plan form with the updated School Emergency Plan submission.

Principles of Evacuation

- When the alarm is sounded, the staff member(s) assigned to assist the disabled student/staff member should proceed directly to the location of the student/staff person and assist him/her to leave the building according to the plan.
- If the emergency is identified as being on the immediate floor, the studen/staff with special needs is evacuated to the outside or to a lower floor below the emergency.
- Do not enter a crowded stairway when evacuating a physically disabled person. For the safety of the disabled person and others, proceed when the stairs are free, usually after ablebodied persons have evacuated.

Response

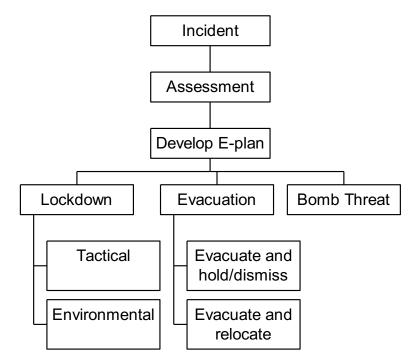
Assessing the Type of Response Required

Because effective response is critical to the success of any emergency plan, it is necessary to identify the predominant threats to students and staff. Despite the myriad of hazards ranging from classroom-level emergencies to major disasters, there are a limited number of responses available to school administrators:

- 1. **Lockdown** where school population is secured inside locked rooms within the school to protect themselves against a threat
- 2. **Evacuation** where the school population vacates the school in response to an interior threat
- 3. **Bomb Threats** when a school is threatened by the detonation of an improvised explosive device.

Other response protocols are listed in the Appendices for reference.

The flowchart below outlines the sequence of events when an emergency situation is discovered at a school.



Because a plan will not be pre-written for every possible emergency, it is imperative that the person in charge of the school's emergency response gather as much information as possible about the emergency and react accordingly. Whether or not the person in authority physically sees the emergency, there is information that is crucial to the creation of the emergency response plan. Since the appropriateness of the response is far more critical than speed of response, an accurate assessment must be made of the emergency before a response can take

place. This is accomplished by a **Primary Survey** – a very brief assessment of the emergency comprised of 3 parts:

- Nature of the emergency fire, gas leak, earthquake, armed intruder, etc.?
- **Immediate threat to whom and what** is the threat to students? Staff? The building? How immediate is the threat?
- **Scope and resolvability** what is the extent of the emergency? How much of the school is affected? Can this be resolved on-site? What resources do you think you require?

Once critical information has been obtained by the person in charge, then an emergency plan can be made. Regardless of the situation, there must be an **initial response**. This will be entirely dependent on the nature of the emergency and how it is assessed. **The initial response can be lockdown, evacuation, or bomb threat procedures**. Once the initial response has been decided on, it must be performed as quickly as possible in order to reduce the risk to students and staff.

Next comes "perform and inform". Once the initial response is under way, it is essential to contact the Department and inform the Director of Learning (or designate) of the situation. This way, should there be a need for department or community resources in support of a school emergency plan, the Director of Learning is already apprised of the situation and can offer immediate, specific assistance.

Brevity of communications is imperative to avoid overloading land-based and cellular phone circuits during an emergency. There are **three parts** to the report to the Department:

Nature and threat level of emergency	Where are you?	
	What kind of emergency?	
	What is the scope of the threat to staff and	
	students?	
Disposition of students, staff and building	How are your staff and students?	
	Any casualties?	
	Is the building damaged?	
Your own actions and recommendations	Who are you?	
	What is your contact number?	
	What are you doing?	
	Where are you going?	
	How are you getting there?	
	What needs to be done?	
	What do you require?	

By passing on the information in this form, the school authority in charge can make one call to the Department and in turn, the Department can fan out the appropriate agencies based on (a) the assessment of the scene and (b) consultation with senior staff.

How to Indicate An Emergency

In a time of ever-increasing societal violence, it is more imperative than ever that teachers have the support and understanding of the students in emergency situations. Similarly, under stress people respond best to clear unambiguous commands which convey essential information in the most succinct way possible.

Because of this need for clarity, the school emergency template utilizes school-based signals for action in an emergency that are not encoded. By using a standard set of in-house signals across the territory, teachers and staff will understand clearly the commands they are given regardless at what school they teach. The students (and any visitors to the school) will react more quickly and with a sense of urgency because they too understand the commands and the gravity of the situation. By having the co-operation of the students who are fully aware of the required action, teachers will be able to perform their initial response more quickly and effectively.

The signals to be used in this school are as follows:

EVACUATION		
For fires only	Fire alarm for confirmed or suspected fires	
For any other {	Announcement via PA: "Evacuate evacuate evacuate!"	OR
Reason {	Air horn – continuous blast if alarm is not in service	OR
{	runner	

TAKE COVER	Announcement via PA: "Take Cover Take Cover!"	OR
	Verbal signal in hallways by staff member – same as announcement	OR
	runner	

LOCKDOWN	N Announcement via PA: "Lockdown lockdown lockdown!"	
	Verbal signal in hallways by staff member – same as announcement	OR
	runner	

ALL CLEAR	Authorized personnel will announce all clear "Attention all students - This is Ms. Morgan	
	"All clear, all clear, all clear".	OR
	3 rings of school buzzer	OR
	Megaphone announcement by Principal (if external to school.	

DO NOT	Ring of the bell, pause, ring, pause, repeating
RETURN TO	
SCHOOL	
	Verbal direction by outdoor supervisors

CLEAR THE	Ringing of the outside "recess" bell until all students have left the	
PLAYGROUND	playground area.	
Verbal direction by outdoor supervisors		

Lockdown

There are two types of lockdown responses:

(a) Tactical – when a school's population is sequestered safely in locked rooms or areas along with their teachers who marshal kids into the nearest available safe room; teachers in the rooms provide command and control while in lock down. This option is used when there is an immediate on-site or in-school threat that cannot be resolved by evacuating the school.

Situations which require tactical lockdown:

- Intruder in school
- Threat on school property or in school area
- Threat of violence to staff or students
- Undetermined hazard in specific area of school
- (b) **Environmental** involves reaction to an off-site emergency such as an accident involving dangerous chemicals, environmental threat or inclement weather such as a earthquake. Schools would have pre-planned areas in which to shelter students and methods of recalling students from outside in case of such a warning.

For Tantalus School, the pre-planned area is at the Forestry office at the back of the school as the first place for all to meet. The second area would be the village office. The third area is the recreation centre. If the weather is horrible, students should go to the village office first.

Situations which require environmental lockdown:

- Severe weather conditions
- Off-site environmental hazard
- Off-site industrial hazard

The difference between a tactical lockdown and an environmental lockdown is the nature and level of the threat. This will alter procedures slightly but not the principles and main idea of a lock down.

Refer to the Critical Incident Response Protocols in the Appendix.

Evacuation

The most common drill practices in schools is the fire drill and evacuation of the school because this is identified as a major threat to students. However, other reasons to evacuate the school might include:

- Gas leak
- Chemical spill
- On-site threat
- Environmental threat

- Structural damage
- Flooding
- Power/utility failure
- Bomb threat

The fire ALARM should only be used when there is a confirmed or suspected fire. For other evacuation needs, the Principal must educate themself as to not only what response to make to a given emergency situation but how to execute it. For example, in the case of a gas leak, it would be prudent to use the PA system and avoid use of the fire alarm because there are small sparks and electrical charges in fire alarms, which can be ignition risks if there is gas present in the school.

Whichever method is used to indicate a need for evacuation (fire alarm, PA, runner or air horn), it is critical that the principal (or designate) assess the situation, gather essential information and react appropriately to the situation. Before evacuating a school, the principal or designate must be sure that it is the most effective way of reducing risk to students and staff.

If the principal decides to evacuate the school, there are decisions to be made that in turn dictate the actions taken in order to maintain the momentum of the initial response.

Three options are possible:

Evacuate and hold in place	Only practical if weather permits, command	
	and control can be maintained, and time	
	outside will be brief before re-occupying the	
	school	
Evacuate and relocate	Use this option during inclement weather and	
	when relocation sites are also safe	
Evacuate and dismiss	Option of last resort; requires notification to	
	parents and transportation company to alter	
	pick-up times; this decision will be made in	
	conjunction with Director of Learning and	
	Superintendent of Schools	

If relocating to alternate site, ensure that the alternate site is advised so that they can prepare and advise the Superintendent (or designate) of the situation, action to date and outstanding emergency issues.

Evacuation Procedures

- Each class should be well organized for rapid and orderly clearing of the school.
- Classroom doors should be closed by the last person. Windows should be closed by a student, if physically possible.
- The teacher LEADS the class to safety this ensures prompt decision-making if obstacles are encountered on exit. Specialist teachers are in charge of evacuation for the class they are teaching.
- Teachers should take these records with them:

information about special needs students

1 dose of medication for special needs students in their class

copy of class attendance sheet

clipboard with paper, pens, pencils

other classroom emergency equipment (e.g. flashlight)

Personal wallets, purses, and car keys in case re-entry to the school is not permitted

• Administrators should take these records with them:

School emergency plan

Staff and student alpha lists

Keys - Inside master, Fire lane (if applicable) and Alternate site (if available)

Emergency phone list including medical records of special needs students/staff and medication

Clipboard with paper, pens, pencils

Command Centre emergency equipment (e.g. first aid kit, flashlight, etc.)

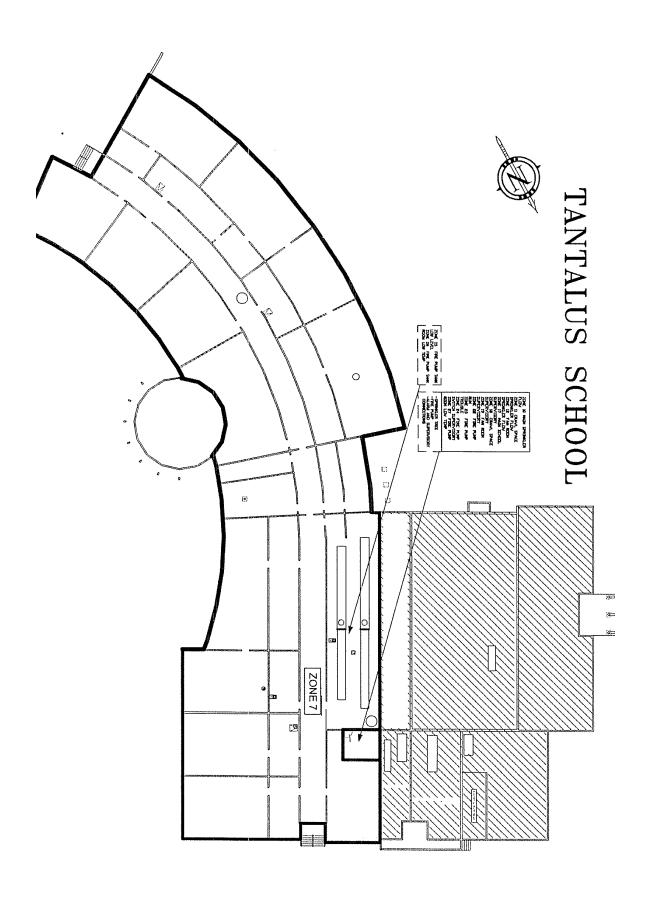
Principals' cell phone

Personal wallets, purses, and car keys in case re-entry to the school is not permitted Field Trip Sign-out Sheet

- Staff members assigned to First Aid kits and other emergency supplies should take them.
- All staff and students should wear shoes and appropriate clothing. Stopping for outer clothing from lockers or storage areas should not be permitted as this increases the time required for exiting the facility.
- Staff members assigned to assist special needs students/staff should proceed directly to the location of the person and assist him/her to safety.
- Exit should be made by the regular exit route unless this route is unavailable because of fire, damage or other reason. In that case use the alternate exit route.
- Close hallway doors and entrance doors behind departing students.
- Any students or staff members who happen to be in other parts of the school should leave by the nearest exit and join their class as quickly as possible.
- Students at recess should proceed to the assembly area without re-entering the building.
- Assemble in designated locations. Stay well away from buildings and clear of Fire Lane.
- Teachers should take attendance as quickly as possible. Make clear the distinction between missing students and those absent for the day. Note any students with injuries.
- When attendance is complete, each teacher communicates with the Command Centre regarding status of class.
- Classes remain together until the "all clear" signal is given by the principal.
- Principal to contact emergency agency and Superintendent as necessary.

Floor Plan - Exit Routes

Following this page, insert floor plan(s) of your school marked with primary and alternate routes from each room. Include annotated copies of all floor plans, showing boiler room and locations of all fire extinguishers, fire pull stations and first aid kits.



School Site Plan

Following this page, insert a copy of the school site plan that clearly indicates designated outdoor assembly location(s).

Assembly areas should be well away from buildings and clear of any Fire Lane. In case of earthquake, make sure your assembly area(s) are clear of trees, telephone poles or power lines.

The students leave via the back entrance to the school, cross Tantalus Crescent and go to the Forestry office outdoor area just across the street.

Bomb Threats

Bomb threats can be delivered in a number of ways to an intended victim in order to create fear or disrupt a school. They can be directly communicated to the intended target via phone, E-mail, letter or parcel. They can also be delivered second-hand by calling corporate headquarters or emergency services at 911. Regardless of the delivery method, it is critical that the RCMP and the Department of Education, Office of the Superintendent - 667-5127 - knows about the threat as soon as possible.

The ultimate decision to evacuate or not to evacuate a school rests entirely with the principal or the principal's designate. It is positive that most bomb threats are false alarms and no bomb or booby trap is present. However, if a principal feels that there is immediate danger to life and property, he or she has the option to evacuate without delay. It is, nevertheless, advisable that a principal wait for the arrival of police before making a decision to evacuate. There are strong reasons to delay any evacuation prior to searching doors unless there is an immediate threat perceived to the school population.

Bombs and booby traps are normally set up to inflict the most damage or have the most profound effect on the intended victims or population. Preferred staging areas would be:

- <u>Common areas</u> provide maximum exposure and maximum access for set up and placement; areas which allow widespread access e.g. foyers, washrooms, entrance areas, dumpsters, garbage cans, stairwells, vacant rooms left unlocked or anywhere a stranger could access without being immediately noticed yet have maximum student traffic
- <u>Points of exit or entrance</u> doors, emergency exits because the outside of a door is rarely monitored and provides an ideal medium for an unseen explosive

When assisting in a bomb search, never touch an unidentified object. By assessing the seriousness of the call, the perceived threat level, and following proper procedures, the principal can minimize the disruption to the affected school while at the same time ensuring student safety by following recognized bomb threat procedures. This is critical because the ultimate decision regarding procedure rests with the principal or designate as do the consequences of that decision. It is therefore preferable to err on the side of safety when dealing with the safety of children in schools.

Bomb Emergency Procedures

- Anyone receiving a bomb threat should record information on the Bomb Threat Report Form (attached). All this information is significant.
- Notify the Principal. Do not speak to anyone else unless instructed, do not mention the word BOMB.
- If the decision is to evacuate, follow Exit and Evacuation Procedures with this exception: students should take only clothing, no backpacks or bags.
- Students should not open their lockers.
- Exit routes may need to be altered, depending on advice of RCMP.

Refer to the Critical Incident Response Protocols in the Appendix.

Emergency Contact Numbers

When the fire alarm at the school is activated, the Fire Department is automatically notified.

For other emergencies, after the initial contact has been made with the appropriate emergency agency (RCMP, hospital, etc), the second call should be to your Director of Learning. The Director of Learning will assist you with further contacts and will handle all media issues.

Please include the contact numbers for your school here:

Fire	_863-2222
RCMP	_863-5555
Hospital	863-4444
Ambulance	863-5555
Search and Rescue	
Power Company (power outage)	1-800-661-0513
City Office	863-6271
Highways	863-5321
Property Management (emergency repairs)	667-5141
Coroner	667-5317
Buddy School for Evacuation	

Department of Education

Superintendent of Schools	Penny Prysniuk	(867)667-3747
Director of Learning	Whitehorse	(867) 667-5180
-	Rural	(867) 993-5723
Media Spokesperson		(867) 393-7102
Department of Education Emergence	cy Measures Organization Supervisor	
(Manager, Facilities and Transporta	ntion)	(867) 667-3741

If Building Cannot be Re-entered

In the event that it is not possible to re-enter the school following an evacuation, students will be escorted by staff to the following location(s):

Grade	All Grades	Location: Forestry office, Village Office
Grade		Location: Forestry office, Village office
Special Need S	tudents	Location: Forestry office, Village office
necessary, release stud	ents only to a designated	ravel. Follow school procedures. If it becomes parent or guardian. Keep records of student time of designated parent or guardian, time of
Make arrangements for	r students travelling by b	us, if necessary.
C	r, the designated evacuat Supervisor if necessary.	ion site itself may be unsafe. Contact Director
Include additional info	rmation relevant to your	school here:

Transportation Support For Leaving Your Facility

There are four principal scenarios where a school can expect to receive transportation services for students and staff in an emergency:

- 1. Whitehorse Hidden Valley and Golden Horn if relocation to the companion school is required for an extended period.
- 2. Whitehorse Neighbourhood incident where several schools are moved to the designated companion school.
- 3. Whitehorse all school evacuation notice from the Department of Education.
- 4. Rural school closure due to facility problems; services for students normally bused to school.

Scenario 1: The **Principals of Hidden Valley and Golden Horn are authorized** to call the Whitehorse Bus Contractor directly if relocation to the companion school is required for an extended period. Students and staff will travel together to the companion school. Upon arrival at the companion school, the Principal will notify the Student Transportation Officer at 667-5172 to advise of the relocation and to request any changes to busing services at the end of the school day.

Scenarios 2 & 3: Whitehorse neighbourhood or all school evacuations will be managed through the Department of Education EMO team. The Student Transportation Officer will contact the Whitehorse Bus Contractor and implement a suitable plan to provide required service to all sites, using available vehicles. Detailed plans have been developed for this purpose and will be modified by the Student Transportation Officer, as needed, to meet the particular needs of the emergency evacuation.

If a staging area is necessary to co-ordinate emergency busing for a multiple school evacuation, **Elijah Smith Elementary** will be used, unless otherwise determined by Department or Yukon EMO teams. **All staff and students will be transported to the staging site**. Busing service to return students home will only be provided to students who arrive by bus daily. Public emergency notices will advise parents of the pick-up spot(s) for students who would normally walk to and from school. School bus drivers have been provided with copies of all routes so each is prepared to complete any Whitehorse route in an emergency.

Scenario 4: The **Principals of rural schools are authorized** to call the local Bus Contractor to advise of changes to busing services at the end of the school day as service would commence from the alternate site(s) in the community. Service will only be provided to students who arrive by bus daily.

Contact Numbers: Student Transportation Officer	667-5172	

For Whitehorse schools, "companion" schools have been identified as follows, should a neighbourhood evacuation be required. School selections were based on the size of student and staff populations being moved.

School name	Companion School	Comments
Christ the King Elementary	Holy Family Elementary	
Ecole Emilie Tremblay	Whitehorse Elementary	
Elijah Smith Elementary	Takhini Elementary	Handi-bus also required
FH Collins	Porter Creek Secondary	Handi-bus also required
Golden Horn Elementary	Whitehorse Elementary	
Grey Mountain Primary	Whitehorse Elementary	
Hidden Valley Elementary	Jack Hulland Elementary	
Holy Family Elementary	Christ the King Elementary	
Jack Hulland Elementary	Selkirk Elementary	
Porter Creek Secondary	FH Collins	
Selkirk Elementary	Whitehorse Elementary	Handi-bus also required
Takhini Elementary	Elijah Smith Elementary	
Vanier Catholic Secondary	Jack Hulland Elementary	
Whitehorse Elementary	Selkirk Elementary	Takhini Elementary is 2 nd
		choice if Selkirk Elementary
		is not available
Wood Street Centre	FH Collins	Porter Creek Secondary is 2 nd
		choice if FH Collins is not
		available

Notifying Personnel on Field Trips

When evacuation of the school is required, it will be important to advise any off-site field trips that are scheduled to return in the near future of the emergency and provide instructions for directing field trip staff and students to a safe alternate site until the issue is resolved.

The Principal or designate will reference the **Field Trip Sign-out Form** for names and phone numbers and make the appropriate calls as soon as the immediate emergency has been assessed and handled.

Floor Plan – Building Features:

Following this page, insert floor and site plan drawings into your document indicating each of the following building features:

Interior:

- Boiler/Mechanical Room
- Science Room
- Home Ec Room
- Staff/Student Kitchen areas
- Electrical panel (s)
- Fire Alarm panel
- Security Panel

Exterior:

- Propane/Oil Storage Tanks
- Any roof entrances to building
- Fuel Shut-Off Valves
- Water Shut-Off Valves
- Power Shut-Off Valves

Shut-off and Reset Procedures:

This page should be available to provide to Property Management and/or Emergency services personnel for action as required. It is NOT expected that school personnel would take responsibility for mechanical system shut-offs.

Property Management will: be responsible for the shut-off and reset of all systems. Tantalus School staff has never been responsible for any of the shut-off or reset of systems.

Fire Alarm operation and reset

Fuel shut-off

Water shut-off

Power shut-off

Furnace reset

Security system procedures

Communications

Media Statements

The need to protect students and to provide accurate, single source information is essential. Members of the staff must not make media statements that purport to be made on behalf of the school during any crisis response situation. All communication with the media shall be expedited by the Communication Co-ordinator, Department of Education, in conjunction with the Principal and the appropriate Director of Learning.

Please contact your Director of Learning first:

Whitehorse	(867) 667-5180
Rural	(867) 993-5723

If Chris or Carol are not available, contact:

Communication Co-ordinator: (867) 393-7102

Dealing with the Media

An important task during and immediately following a crisis at school is dealing with the media. Emergencies at school often make headline news. To do their jobs, reporters must get the story. If someone at the school doesn't answer their questions, they will find someone who will. The media will cover the crisis with or without your consent or input, so it is important that the crisis communication plan provides for media sessions. The Principal is designated as the spokesperson for the school and all communication should be channeled through that person. The Principal should direct when and where the news briefing will take place. Remember, reporters have deadlines, so unreasonable delays will not be acceptable. It may be that some preliminary information can be provided with a more formal news conference organized later. Do not say, "no comment," but rather, indicate that at present, details are limited, investigations continue or that it is unwise to speculate at this time.

Provide assurances that everything possible is being done, that the safety and well-being of students are the primary concerns, and that further details will be provided, as soon as possible, at a news conference. At any news conference, formal or informal, be calm, professional, responsive, timely and honest in providing information and answering questions.

Meeting the Media

DO DON'T

- ✓ Take a private moment to prepare yourself. Plan your final statement in advance. Prepare a written statement for distribution if time allows. Consult with the superintendent and Communications Co-ordinator if possible.
- ✓ Present a calm, professional image.
- ✓ Treat media representatives with respect. They have a job to do and a deadline to meet.
- ✓ Delivery your message in addition to answering their questions. Your message should include:
 - We are dealing with this situation in accordance with a pre-established plan.
 - Our immediate concern is the safety and security of our students and staff.
 - As professionals, we are concerned about what has happened and we have solicited the assistance of other professionals from emergency service agencies in the community.
 - We intend to keep communication lines open.
- ✓ If, during the conference, there are important new developments, set the time and place for the next press conference and adjourn.
- ✓ Listen carefully to the questions.
- ✓ Keep your answers simple and factual.
- ✓ Be sure of your facts if you don't know for sure, say so.
- ✓ Be honest.
- ✓ Set the time and place for the next press conference and adjourn.
- ✓ Thank the press for their co-operation.

X Rush into a press conference until you are ready.

- **X** Be confrontational.
- ✗ Say "no comment" find another way to say you aren't able to answer that question right now.
- **X** Use jargon or over answer a questions.
- X Lay blame or identify a scapegoat.
- X Give out specifics, such as names of victims, perpetrators, etc. This may not be public information.
- X Talk "off the record". It seldom is.
- **X** Allow the press to wander around the school doing interviews, filming, etc.
- **X** Forget to deliver your message.
- **Hesitate to include someone else (police, fire, emergency services, etc.) if they have information you don't have. However, you must remain in control of the press conference.
- **Repeat negative questions or misleading words in your response because the comments may be attributed to you. Try to turn negatives into positives.

Crisis Team

A crisis is an event that effects the emotional health of the school community. Crises may be caused by a physical emergency such as a fire or another factor such as the death of a teacher from illness. Staff members who learn of situations involving the death or serious injury of a student, staff member or family member; or of other incidents that may effect the emotional health of the school should contact a school crisis team member. The role of the school crisis team will be to plan the school's response, if any, to the crisis. The team will consult with the Director of Learning, Co-ordinator of Personal and Career Counselling, School Psychologist and Media Spokesperson from the Department of Education.

Members of School Crisis Team:

Role	Name	Telephone
Crisis Team Co-ordinator	Morgan Douglas-Alexander	334-5703 or 863-6266 or 863-
		5371
Principal	Morgan Douglas-alexander	863-5371
Teacher	Mitch Bruce	863-5371
School Secretary	Carla Gage	863-5371
School Counsellor	none	

Staff List

BAKER, Dawn	863-6353			
BULATAO, Ofelia	332-3512			
BELLMORE, Heather	863-6733			
or her cell # 689-2355				
BERRY,Roberta	332-3723			
BILLY, Candace	863-6031			
BLACKJACK, Ragene	863-5789			
BRUCE, Mitch	863-6601			
BUYCK,Ruth	863-6350			
CASHIN, Patricia	332-7718			
COATES, Alysha	334-6262			
DOUGLAS-ALEXANDER,N	Morgan 863-6266			
(Morgan's cell: 334-5703)				
FIELDS, Earleen	<i>689-8532</i> ?			
GAGE, Carla	689-4219			
INGALLS, Nicholle	333-2061			
JONATHAN, Martina	334-2728			
LACHANCE, Shannon	336-4064			
LARKIN, Aine	335-8525			

LARKIN, Gisela 863-5565 LAUGHLIN, John (863-6996) 334-8021 MAYER,Ken (*Bus driver*) 332-1562 MORTIMER,Donna(335-6779) 863-6306 *NIEMAN, Estelle (K-4 & school library)* 863-5355

PATEY, Leanne 790-861-8123ROBERTS, Joleen 863-6136

SAUNDERS, Daniel 863-5026

SKOOKUM, Elizabeth *CELC* 689-0541

TOURANGEAU, Melanie 334-8784

CUSTODIAL STAFF:

CHARLIE, Anna-Rose 863-5515 or 332-8506 GAGE, Joyce 689-0446/689-8413 (Keith)

APPENDICES

Critical Response Protocols

CRISIS SITUATION – Tactical Lockdown - Weapons Possession

ASSESS THE SITUATION

- Is the weapon suspected or confirmed? What is it?
- How many individuals are involved?
- Where is the weapon and has it been used?
- Is someone injured?
- Characteristics of perpetrator physical and emotional condition in as much detail as possible.
- Details about incident, automobile, escape, etc.
- Circumstances: location, time of day, audience
- Communication priorities.

INTERVENTION RESPONSE				
DO	DON'T			
✓ Assume the weapon is deadly.	✗ Confront the offender directly.			
✓ Assume the offender intends to use it.	X Cut off exits or prevent offender from			
✓ Call the police and the ambulance if needed.	leaving.			
✓ Give lockdown message to school to secure	X Touch any weapon left behind.			
school and students against assault -	X Try to be a hero.			
evacuation may be necessary.				
✓ Isolate the offender if possible.				
✓ Suggest the offender lay down the weapon				
and walk away from it.				
✓ Wait for the police to initiate any action				
against offender.				
✓ Gather as many details about the offender				
and situation as possible.				
✓ Prepare for media.				
_				

- Record and report as required.
- Consider preventative measures for the future.
- Debrief everyone involved.
- Review the emergency response plan.
- Impose appropriate consequences.
- Provide ongoing support as needed.
- Communicate with parents as appropriate.

CRISIS SITUATION - Tactical Lockdown - Hostile Individual

ASSESS THE SITUATION

- Who is involved (student, parent, stranger, supporters)?
- Characteristics of offender age, gender, size, history, appearance.
- What stage of the anger cycle is the offender at (anxious, verbally hostile, physically threatening, violent, recovery)?
- Presence of weapons what kind of weapon if any.
- Reactions of other bystanders.
- Circumstances location, timing, escape routes, dangerous equipment, communication systems.
- Accessibility of support for intervenor, for offender.
- Extent of danger to intervenor, offender, others.
- Assess your own psychological, emotional and physical state.

INTERVENTION RESPONSE				
DO	DON'T			
✓ Remain calm, appear to be in control.	✗ Match anger with anger.			
✓ Take steps to protect other students.	✗ Confront directly either physically or			
✓ Show empathy - listen and understand.	<mark>verbally.</mark>			
✓ Be sincere and professional.	✗ Appear threatening or punitive.			
✓ Use assertive (directive) language.	✗ Hurry the situation - recovery takes time.			
✓ State clearly expectations and	X Remain alone if help can be accessed.			
consequences.	✗ Physically detain offender if he or she tries			
✓ Call the offender by name if possible.	to leave.			
✓ Summon assistance if required.	X Try to be a hero.			
✓ Be aware of surroundings, including other				
people.				
✓ Allow the anger to subside - no one can				
remain violently angry for long.				

- Report and record incident in detail.
- Impose appropriate consequences.
- Debrief everyone involved.
- Modify response plan if necessary.
- Review communication process.
- Provide ongoing support as necessary.

CRISIS SITUATION - Tactical Lockdown - Intruders/Unwelcome Visitors

ASSESS THE SITUATION

- What is the nature of the intrusion?
- Anxiety level of the intruder.
- Number of people involved.
- Characteristics of the intruder age, gender, size, appearance, known history, etc.
- Presence or absence of weapons what kind if any?
- Communication priorities.

INTERVENTION RESPONSE				
DO	DON'T			
✓ Approach initially with a customer-service	✗ Ignore unknown visitors or assume they			
focus unless there is a weapon or an obvious	have legitimate business in the school.			
hostile attitude.	X Let visitors move unescorted through the			
✓ Ask who they are and who they wish to see.	school.			
✓ Invite them to the general office and	✗ Deal with hostile intruders alone.			
accompany them there or off the school	✗ Detain or restrain them if they try to leave.			
grounds if they choose to leave.	✗ Hesitate to walk away if your safety is			
✓ Implement immediate security using	threatened, so you can implement the			
lockdown message if weapon is present or	emergency response plan.			
suspected.				
✓ Remind unarmed non-compliant intruders				
that they are violating the law (<i>Trespass Act</i>)				
and should leave the school.				
✓ Access assistance at the first sign of				
resistance or hostility.				
✓ Call police if possible involvement of				
weapons or prolonged refusal to cooperate.				

- Record and report as required.
- Inform the police and Director of Learning of the incident if they weren't involved.
- Review school access and security arrangements.
- Review emergency response plan.
- Debrief everyone involved.
- Provide ongoing support as needed.

CRISIS SITUATION - Tactical Lockdown - Threat on School Property

ASSESS THE SITUATION

- Gather the facts quickly.
- Are there students outside or in the playground?
- Number of people involved.
- Characteristics of the intruder age, gender, size, appearance, known history, etc.
- Presence or absence of weapons what kind if any?
- Contact office and inform administration of situation immediately.

INTERVENTION RESPONSE				
DO	DON'T			
✓ Principal will determine threat to students	✗ Panic - remain calm and in control.			
and staff outside and direct outside	✗ Confront the offender directly.			
supervisors to evacuate to designated alternate	✗ Cut off exits or prevent offender from			
site or marshal students back into school using	leaving.			
the "return to school" signal.	✗ Touch any weapon left behind.			
✓ Principal to signal lockdown using clear	X Try to be a hero.			
message.	✗ Threaten the perpetrator.			
✓ Call police at 9-1-1 and Director of				
Learning.				
✓ Provide as much relevant information as				
possible.				
✓ Co-ordinate all communications with				
police.				
✓ Immediately lock the classroom doors and				
close all windows and blinds.				
✓ Have all students sit on the floor, facing				
away from the windows and doors.				

- Record and report as required.
- Review school access and security arrangements.
- Review emergency response plan.
- Debrief everyone involved.
- Provide ongoing support as needed.

CRISIS SITUATION – Environmental Lockdown - Off-Site Dangerous Chemicals

ASSESS THE SITUATION

- Gather the facts quickly.
- Are students in the school yard?
- Are students returning to the vicinity of the school from out-of-area field trips?
- Confirm information from municipal authorities regarding expected response from school.
- Determine whether school should prepare to act as emergency depot for community.
- Determine how communications will best be handled with students, staff, parents, public and media.
- Response to media must be considered.

INTERVENTION RESPONSE				
DO	DON'T			
✓ Custodian to shut down:	X Panic - remain calm and in control.			
Ventilation system circulating outside air	✗ Allow students to leave; teachers should not			
Propane or oil	leave students unsupervised.			
Close external doors	✗ Use light switches or electrical appliances.			
Power, if necessary	X Release specific information unless			
✓ Marshall students from outside using	authorized.			
standard buzzer. Playground supervisors				
would move students inside. Teachers close				
appropriate fire and classroom doors - do				
NOT lock doors.				
✓ Emergency lighting by flashlight and				
internal communications by phones, cellular				
phone or staff runners - onus is on				
administration to maintain contact with				
classrooms - teachers are not to leave students unattended.				
✓ Listen to radio and phone for further information.				
✓ Inform Director of Learning and				
Communications Co-Ordinator.				
Communications Co-Ordinator.				
<u> </u>				

- Record and report as required.
- Debrief everyone involved.
- Review school's emergency response plan.
- Be prepared to offer comment on community emergency response plan.
- Provide ongoing support as needed.
- Assist in the longer term disaster relief efforts as appropriate.

CRISIS SITUATION – Environmental Lockdown - Natural Disasters/Inclement Weather

ASSESS THE SITUATION

- Gather the facts quickly.
- Extent of weather impact Is only your school involved? Is your alternate site available to use if necessary?
- Determine how communications will best be handled with students, staff, parents, public and media.
- Are the school grounds free from dangerous obstacles (power lines, trees, etc.)?
- Are your staff able to get to school for student supervision and safety? Do you need extra help in order to ensure student safety?
- Response to media must be considered.

INTERVENTION RESPONSE				
DO	DON'T			
✓ Activate the school emergency plan as	X Panic - remain calm and in control.			
needed.	✗ Guess as to the amount of damage or			
✓ Contact Director of Learning and	injuries or deaths - await accurate information.			
Communications Co-ordinator. ✓	✗ Allow anyone to disrupt emergency			
✓ Contact municipal emergency services if	measures operations.			
required for site safety intervention.	X Release specific information unless			
✓ Keep everyone indoors until advised	authorized.			
otherwise.				
✓ Have available a battery operated radio,				
flashlight, telephone and megaphone.				
✓ Consider students' safety and welfare first.				
✓ Determine need for relocation to alternate				
site, if available.				
✓ Work with the media and department				
authorities to ensure accurate information is				
released.				
✓ Provide security for school records,				
equipment and facilities.				
✓ Be prepared to provide leadership to parents				
and students.				

- Record and report as required.
- Debrief everyone involved.
- Review school's emergency response plan.
- Be prepared to offer comment on community emergency response plan.
- Provide ongoing support as needed.
- Assist in the longer term disaster relief efforts as appropriate.

CRISIS SITUATION – Bomb Threats

ASSESS THE SITUATION

- Person receiving the threat (e.g. phone call) must gather as much information as possible relevant to location, type of bomb, when set to blow, how disguised, who is the bomber, why?
- Note every detail possible about the caller and background sounds, gender, age, accent, emotional state, language use.
- Circumstances in the school time, student distribution, special events, resources available.
- Communication priorities.

INTERVENTION RESPONSE				
DO	DON'T			
7.0	DON'T X Try to move or disarm the bomb X Touch or move any suspicious object or package X Disrupt routine more than necessary			
 ✓ Discipline perpetrators of hoaxes with serious appropriate consequences. ✓ If threat is real, prepare for media. 				

- Record and report as required.
- Debrief thoroughly.
- Review emergency preparedness.
- Impose appropriate consequences.
- Provide ongoing support as needed.
- Communicate with parents as appropriate.

Communication Tools

Notice for Front Door of School

Tantalus School

Students are at the Wildlife Management/Forestry office. If the weather is bad, the students will be at the Village office.

Parent Information Letter – Example

Tantalus School P.O. Box 134 Carmacks, YT Y0B 1C0

Date

Dear Parents/Guardians:

Because Yukon is located in an earthquake-prone area, and other natural or physical plan emergencies can occur which require us to evacuate the school, we want to remind you that, in the case of such an event, the following procedures will be followed.

- The school will remain responsible for all students for the hours designated in a normal school day, unless directed to dismiss students by an Emergency Measures authority.
- If we are directed to dismiss students, no student will be dismissed from school unless a parent or designated guardian comes for him/her; no student will be allowed to walk or bike home alone.
- No child will be allowed to leave with another person, even a relative or babysitter, unless we have written or verbal permission to that effect or that particular person is listed as the students' emergency contact. With this in mind, if your child's information is not up-to-date, please call the office as soon as possible.
- All parents or designated guardians who come to pick up students, must sign the student out with the classroom teacher or the designated marshall at the alternate site Student Release station. This is critical so that we can ensure all students are accounted for and remain safe.

In case we need to evacuate Tantalus in an emergency, our alternate gathering places are at the back of the school in the municipal parking lot.

We are prepared to care for children in the event of a critical situation, or if parents or guardians are not able to reach the school. We have a number of people with first aid certifications, and we will be in communication with local emergency services, as required. We do ask for your help in the following areas:

- DO turn on your radio to CBC (570) or CKRW (610 on the AM dial, or CHON (98.1) on the FM dial; information and directions will be given over the radio.
- DO NOT call the school please; we must have the lines open for emergency calls.
- DO NOT immediately drive to the school following an earthquake or other city-wide emergency; streets and access to our school may be cluttered with debris; the school access routes and street entrance areas must remain clear for emergency vehicles.

PLEASE PUT THIS LETTER IN A SAFE PLACE SO YOU MAY REFER TO IT IF NECESSARY.

Parent Newsletter Insert for September and January



Please clip and save

Notice of Alternate Sites if School Evacuation is Required

Name of School Here

For all grades, we will move to the back of the school near the municipal office parking lot at the back of and across the street from the school.

- Turn on your radio to CBC (570) or CKRW (610 on the AM dial, or CHON (98.1) on the FM dial; information and directions will be given over the radio.
- DO NOT call the school please; we must have the lines open for emergency calls.
- DO NOT immediately drive to the school following an earthquake or other city-wide emergency; streets and access to our school may be cluttered with debris; the school access routes and street entrance areas must remain clear for emergency vehicles.

The school has a detailed emergency response plan that has been developed to ensure the safety of students and staff in the event of emergencies. The plan is reviewed and updated at least annually. The School Council has been provided with a copy of the plan as part of the Annual School Plan.

If absence from the school for routine fire drill:

• regular messaging system can be used to take messages and inform the public that no-one at the school is available to take the call.

If absence from the school will be extended for emergency response:

"Today is (day of week, month, date) and you have reached (name of school). Staff and students have been evacuated to our alternate site(s) as directed by (pick one - City of Whitehorse, Emergency Measures Organization, Director of Learning). Please be assured that every precaution is being taken to ensure that staff and students are safe and secure. Unless we are directed otherwise, students will remain in the care of the school until the end of the regular school day. [if applicable: Busing will proceed as usual at that time.] Please listen to the radio for information about any change to our emergency response plans."

Staff Call-Out Tree

Insert a staff call-out tree that would look like this. This would be activated when notice of an after-hours school emergency must be communicated - for example, when a major mechanical failure has occurred and school will not be available for classes the following day.

Include name and phone number for each staff person.

Each staff person should be advised of two things, in writing (for posting at home):

- 1. Who will call them.
- 2. Who they are responsible for calling.

Morgan calls Carla Gage and Mitch Bruce, And Lanie Tourangeau and School Council Chair

Carla will call Dawn Baker and Shannon Lachance

Mitch will call Leanne Patey and Heather Bellmore

Heather Bellmore will call Roberta Berry and Alysha Coates

Lanie will call Candace Billy and Ragene Blackjack

Ragene will call Ruth Buyck and Patricia Cashin

Candace will call Earleen Fields and Gisella Larkin

Earleen will call Aine Larkin and John Laughlin

Gisella will call Joleen Roberts and Donna Mortimer

Joleen will call Elizabeth Skookum (CELC) and Ken Mayer (bus driver)

Donna will call Anna Rose (custodian) and or Joyce Gage (custodian) and Estelle Nieman

Forms

Checklist for Submission of Annual Emergency Plan Updates

After updating the Emergency Plan for your school each year, please forward a copy of this checklist, together with the following items, as a package, to the Superintendent of Schools.

Done - Front page showing the name of your school and the year of the plan

Done - Page A-3 Staff with First Aid Certification and School Safety Committee

Done - Copy of floor plans marking exit routes (R-7) (attached)

Done - Copy of School Site Plan (R-8)

Done - Alternate Site information if school cannot be re-entered (R-11)

Done - Copy of floor plan marking building features (R-14)

Done - Shut-off and Reset Procedures (R-15)

Done - Crisis Team membership (C-3)

Not applicable – Done Copies of all Emergency Evacuation Plan forms for students/staff with special needs (F-7)

Being updated, October 4, 2018 – will be sent as soon as I have it. Copies of Hazardous

Material Inventory sheets (F-8) for relevant areas in your school

Bomb Threat Report Form

Reproduce numerous copies and keep at main telephones for immediate use.

Questions to Ask:						
When is bomb going to explode? What does it look like? What will make it explode? Why did you put it in the building?			Where is it right now? What kind of bomb is it? Did you place it in the building? What is your name and address?			
Describe Caller's V	Voice:					
Calm Angry Excited Slow Rapid Soft	Nasal Stutter Lisp Raspy Deep Ragged		Loud Laughter Crying Normal Distinct Slurred		Clearing Throat Deep Breathing Cracking Voice Disguised Accent Whispered	
If voice is familiar,	who did it sound	like:				
Sex of Caller		Age		Accen	t	
Exact wording of the	nreat:					
Threat Language						
Foul Irrational Taped		Incoher	ooken (educat rent ge read by thre	ŕ		
Background Sounds	;					
Street Static Motor Office Noise Train		Anima Voices House Booth Party S	Noise	- - - -	PA System Music Local Long Distance	- - -
Date: Length of Call:		Time:_				
Number at which ca Name of Person rec				_		

Status of Students and Staff Form – Classroom

Use this form as a template to copy and cut

All OKAY	All OKAY		
Student(s) missing	Student(s) missing		
Minor Injuries	Minor Injuries		
Major Injuries – help required	Major Injuries – help required		
Student/teacher trapped in school	Student/teacher trapped in school		
0.10			
Signature: Grade/Room	Signature: Grade/Room		
All OKAY	All OKAY		
Student(s) missing	Student(s) missing		
Minor Injuries	Minor Injuries		
Major Injuries – help required	Major Injuries – help required		
Student/teacher trapped in school	Student/teacher trapped in school		
Signature: Grade/Room	Signature: Grade/Room		
Signature. Grade/Room	Signature. Grade/Room		
All OKAY	All OKAY		
Student(s) missing	Student(s) missing		
Minor Injuries	Minor Injuries		
Major Injuries – help required	Major Injuries – help required		
Student/teacher trapped in school	Student/teacher trapped in school		
Signature: Grade/Room	Signature: Grade/Room		

Command Centre Evacuation Master Sheet

Complete 1 sheet for each practice or actual evacuation - store in records

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Name			MEDICAL ATTENTION REQUIRED BY ANYONE? Nature?
Principal			
Secretary			
]	
]	
	N	OTES:	

Grade	All Accounted for?	Medical Needs	Physical Hazards Noted on Exit

Date:	 Practice	Actual	Initial:	

F - 4

Student Emergency Check-Out form

Please prepare this list at the beginning of each semester. Store with your classroom attendance sheets.

Student Name	PRINT Name of Parent/Guardian	Parent/Guardian Signature

Date: _____ Page __ of __

Alternate Location to Home Form School Year 200x – 200x

As part of our school Emergency Planning, we realize that sometimes children cannot immediately go home if released from school in the event of an emergency. As such, we are asking all parents/guardians to complete the following form and return it to the school. The completed form will identify a second safe location where your child can go when going home is not immediately possible.

Student Name:	
Grade:	Teacher:
Home Address: (p.	hysical location please, no box numbers)
Bus #: (pick up)	Bus #: (drop off)
Authorized Alternate C	Contact Person #1:
Ph# (h)	(bus)
Relationship to Studen	t:
Alternate Safe Address	(physical location please, no box numbers)
Residential Area in Wh	nitehorse: (e.g. Cowley Creek)
Authorized Alternate C	Contact Person #2:
Ph# (h)	(bus)
Relationship to Studen	t:
Alternate Safe Address	(physical location please, no box numbers)
Residential Area in Wh	nitehorse: (e.g. Cowley Creek)



Form Updated: Jan. 2003

EMERGENCY EVACUATION PLANFor Students/Staff with Special Needs

for 20__/_ School Year

School: Age: _____ years Name: **Location of Home (usual) Room: Possible routes of exit:** (consider for each area/floor of the building) ASSESSMENT: **Special Needs** (indicate all that are relevant) **Type of Assistance Required for Evacuation:** □ Non-Verbal □ Severe behaviour/emotional □ Verbal Instruction on exit □ Intellectually impaired □ Buddy for guidance/comfort Student Adult ☐ Chronic Health Condition (describe) □ Physical Intervention/Assistance (e.g. Epilepsy, Diabetes, Allergies, Asthma) □ Wheelchair user □ Blind/Hearing impaired **EMERGENCY PLAN:** This individual will be moved to the Person(s) responsible for assisting individual: following safe site: Primary response person _____ (i) Additional person(s) ______ (name/describe site) (ii) Additionary

Type of transport:

(e.g. basket carry, sled, blanket)

Avit? Yes
No (ii) ☐ Immediately upon exit from building in real emergency Emergency Supply bag to take on exit? Yes □ No □ ☐ Only if time outside school facility is long **Emergency Supplies for individual are stored in school at:** ☐ Medication ______ (see attached copy of "Authorization for Administration of Medication") □ Personal Care Supplies □ Diapers & wipes □ Feeding Tube □ Other ☐ Food at Regular Intervals □ Clothing/wraps for cold/wet weather protection □ Other Emergency Contact(s): Please print. 1. _____ Relationship: _____ Contact #: _____ or ____ 2. ____ Relationship: ____ Contact #: ____ or ____ Reviewed by: \Box Teacher(s) (signature(s)) date: □ Parent/Guardian _____ (signature(s)) date: date: _____ □ Principal _____ (signature) date: □ Special Programs _____ (signature)

Hazardous Materials Inventory

1114	zaruous materiais inventory
Location in School:	

This form should be completed for each site in the school where hazardous materials are stored (e.g. custodial equipment areas, science labs, trades shops, art room, kitchen, etc.).

Name of material	Location in room	Approximate quantity

Field	Trip	Sign	Out	Form
Dat	te:			

Where a field trip is absent for more than 1 day, carry forward the trip information to each day the group will be absent.

Sponsor Teacher (name)	To Where	Type of transportation	Date/ Time Out	Estimated Date/Time Back	Contact Phone number (cell or sat)

Other Protocols / Procedures

CRISIS SITUATION - Attack on Student/Staff

ASSESS THE SITUATION

- Gather accurate information regarding the situation.
- Confirm the circumstances before proceeding.
- Assess the support services required to deal appropriately with assault (perpetrator, victim, witnesses).
- Determine the at-risk condition of those involved.

INTERVENTION RESPONSE			
DO	DON'T		
✓ Protect the victim.	✗ Leave the victim alone.		
✓ Call the police and Director of Learning.	✗ Disturb the crime scene.		
✓ Ensure the availability of necessary support	X Interfere with any criminal investigation.		
services.	✗ Minimize the seriousness of any complaint.		
✓ Contact victim's parents/spouse/partner.	✗ Release names.		
✓ Co-ordinate the school's investigation with			
the police investigation.			
✓ Co-ordinate all communications with			
Communications Co-ordinator, police and			
parents.			
✓ Prepare for media.			
✓ Document all responses to the incident.			

- Provide ongoing support for victim and witnesses.
- Obtain written statements from other students and staff directly involved in the incident (if appropriate).
- Prepare reports and ensure records are accurate.
- Impose appropriate consequences.
- Publicize the school's actions taken to ensure a safe, secure and caring environment.
- Review all procedures to focus on prevention, counselling services and crisis management.
- Co-operate with ongoing investigation and/or prosecutions.
- Communicate with parents as appropriate.
- Review emergency response plan and revise as necessary.

CRISIS SITUATION - Missing Student

ASSESS THE SITUATION

- Where was the student seen last? By whom? Where was the student going?
- Did any witnesses see unknown persons in the area of the school?
- Prepare information for police.
 - > Student Name
 - Name, address and telephone of Parent or Guardian
 - A physical description of the student, including clothing.
 - > A photograph, if possible.
 - > Any other pertinent information.

INTERVENTION RESPONSE	
DO	DON'T
✓ Conduct a thorough site search.	Panic - remain calm and in control.
✓ If student not located, call the police.	X Create undue concern for other students by
✓ Call the Director of Learning.	school-wide announcements.
✓ Contact student's parents/guardian.	
✓ Assist investigation in any way possible.	
✓ Co-ordinate all communications with	
Communications Co-ordinator, police and	
parents.	
✓ Prepare for media.	
✓ Document all responses to the incident.	

- Provide ongoing support and services to others affected.
- Debrief entire incident.
- Review emergency response plan.
- Bring closure using the media if appropriate.
- Communicate with parents as appropriate.

CRISIS SITUATION - Kidnapping/Hostage Procedures

ASSESS THE SITUATION

- Gather the facts quickly and confirm them if possible.
- Assess the immediate danger to the hostage/kidnapped person.
- Gather as much information on the perpetrator and hostage/kidnapped person as possible.
- Assess the threat to others weapons, explosives, etc.
- Prepare to accommodate outside emergency response personnel.
- Communication priorities.

INTERVENTION RESPONSE		
DO	DON'T	
✓ Call the police.	✗ Panic - remain calm and in control.	
✓ Call the Director of Learning.	X Try to rescue the hostages.	
✓ Provide as much relevant information as	X Threaten the perpetrator.	
possible.	✗ Hurry the situation.	
✓ Provide appropriate facilities for emergency personnel.	X Try to be a hero.	
✓ Co-ordinate all communications with police.		
✓ Prevent upset parents, staff, students, etc.		
from aggravating the situation.		
✓ Prepare for the "long haul".		

- Access professional counselling and support for the hostage/kidnapped person.
- Provide ongoing support and services to others affected.
- Debrief entire incident.
- Review emergency response plan.
- Bring closure using the media if appropriate.
- Communicate with parents as appropriate.

Earthquake Procedures

During an earthquake the actual ground movement is seldom the cause of injury. Most injuries result from falling objects and debris from damaged buildings.

- Issue the "take cover" order at the first sign of a tremor.
- Take cover under a desk or table.
- Keep away from windows, filing cabinets, bookshelves or other items which may topple and cause injury. Avoid stairways that can be damaged during the tremor or become jammed with people. If out of the classroom, take cover in a doorway. Do not run outside as you could be hit by falling debris.
- **If outside**, stay outside. Move to an open space away from buildings, trees and overhead lines or wires.
- If in a vehicle, pull over and stop as quickly as possible. Do not stop on a bridge, under power lines or where debris from buildings could fall on you. Stay in your vehicle, it offers protection from falling debris.
- Assume the "crash" position. Count to 60. Talk calmly to reassure students.
- Be prepared for aftershocks/tremors.
- If tremor suggests possible structural damage Principal will order evacuation.
- Follow Evacuations Procedures.
- Do not use elevators as power could fail.
- Make sure your assembly area outside is clear of trees, telephone poles, power lines or dangling electrical wires and well away from buildings.
- Contact Director of Learning. The Director of Learning will contact the EMO Co-ordinator for your area to determine further action.
- Avoid using the phone except for emergency purposes. This helps keep the lines clear for emergency response agencies.
- Avoid re-entering a damaged building.
- Principal to determine if it is necessary to shut off power, water and fuel supply.

Medical Emergency

- First Aid should be administered and the student comforted.
- A determination must be made regarding the severity of the situation.
- Contact Hospital/Ambulance, if appropriate.
- Refer to School records for medical conditions (allergies, etc.) as appropriate.
- Notify Parent/Guardian and Director of Learning.